



# Epojet

**Two-component,  
super-fluid epoxy  
resin for injections  
and anchorings**



## WHERE TO USE

- Monolithic repair of structures with cracks or fissures caused by heavy loads, accidental impacts and earthquakes.
- Bonding and reinforcement of structures by low pressure injection.
- Precise anchoring of metallic structures.

## Some application examples

- Structural repairs of beams, pillars and fissured floors by low pressure injection.
- Reinforcement of beams and floors by using injection and *béton plaqué*, the plated concrete technique, when the plates to be bonded are fitted with lateral flaps and it is therefore impossible to apply **Adesilex PG1** or **Adesilex PG2** directly.
- Restoring and waterproofing cracks in reservoirs, tanks and canals.
- Restoring, by injection, various elements of façades, cladding and architectural elements that are loose.
- Protective injections of post-compression cable ducts.
- Structural consolidation and restoration of civil and industrial road constructions which show signs of cracking.
- Sealing of fissures in cementitious screeds.

- Consolidation and restoration, by injection, of concrete structures damaged by earthquakes, settlement or impact.
- Anchoring metallic structural work and steel reinforcement.

## TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Epojet** is a two-component solvent-free epoxy adhesive. The pre-measured components (component A = resin and component B = hardener) must be mixed together before being used.

Once mixed, **Epojet** becomes a liquid with low viscosity very suitable for injection.

**Epojet** polymerizes without shrinkage and once hardened is waterproof.

**Epojet** has very good insulating properties and high mechanical strength; furthermore it adheres perfectly to concrete and steel.

**Epojet** meets the requirements defined by EN 1504-9 (*“Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures - Definitions, requirements, quality control and evaluation of conformity - General principles for the use of products”*), the minimum requirements claimed by EN 1504-5 (*“Concrete injection”*) and the minimum requirements for EN 1504-6 (*“Anchoring steel reinforcement”*).

# Epojet



Mixing Epojet



Fixing injection tubes with Adesilex PG1



Injecting Epojet to a fissured pillar

## RECOMMENDATIONS

- Do not use **Epojet** at temperatures below +5°C.
- Do not apply **Epojet** to wet surfaces.
- Do not apply **Epojet** on dusty, friable or weak substrates.
- Do not use **Epojet** for sealing expansion joints.

## APPLICATION PROCEDURE

### Preparation the substrate

Before injecting **Epojet**, the concrete substrate must be perfectly sound and clean. Remove all crumbly and loose parts, dust, cement laitance and paint by sanding or brushing. Concrete soaked with oil or grease must be completely demolished.

### Placing the steel reinforcement and injection

Remove all traces of rust or grease by sandblasting down to bright metal (SA 2½) or, if necessary, with emery paper and de-grease with solvents. Once these preparatory procedures have been completed, fix the steel plates to the concrete with expanding bolts and then seal the injectors with **Adesilex PG1** or **Adesilex PG2**.

### Sealing cracks by injection

Make a series of holes of 8-9 mm in diameter along the sides of the cracks and orient the injectors to intercept the cracks. Blow out the cavities with compressed air to remove all the dust formed during the drilling. Insert the appropriate injection tubes into the holes and seal with **Adesilex PG1** or **Adesilex PG2**. If the holes cannot be formed because of lack of space, fix flat head injection tubes directly onto the concrete with expanding bolts or seal with **Adesilex PG1** or **Adesilex PG2**. Wait until **Adesilex PG1** or **Adesilex PG2** hardens (at least 12 hours) and inject compressed air to clean out the whole injection system.

### Preparing the product

First the two components of **Epojet** must be mixed together. Pour component B into component A and manually mix with a trowel (for small amounts), or with a low speed heavy duty drill (for large quantities) avoiding the formation of air bubbles and until the mix is perfectly homogeneous. Do not use partial quantities of the parts to avoid measuring errors that could lead to the incomplete hardening of **Epojet**. If the packs need to be used partially, use an electronic precision scale.

### Applying the product

Begin immediately from the lowest tube and start injecting **Epojet** until the resin overflows out of the next tube. Close the tube used for injection and inject **Epojet** in the next

one positioned just above until the fissure is completely sealed. Horizontal fissures can be sealed simply by pouring **Epojet** directly into the crack. **Epojet** must be used within 40 minutes from its preparation and at +23°C. Avoid using **Epojet** when the outdoor temperature and that of the substrate is less than +5°C.

## Cleaning

Tools used for preparing and injecting **Epojet** must be cleaned immediately after use and before it hardens with solvents (ethyl alcohol, toluene, etc.).

## CONSUMPTION

- Sealing cracks:
  - 1.1 kg/l of cavity to be filled.
- Bonding concrete to steel:
  - 1.1 kg/m<sup>2</sup> per mm of thickness.

## PACKAGING

4 kg kits  
(component A : 3.2 kg - component B : 0.8 kg);  
2.5 kg kits  
(component A : 2 kg - component B : 0.5 kg).

## STORAGE

24 months if stored in its original packaging. Keep the product stored in an area with a temperature not below +5°C.

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION AND APPLICATION

**Epojet** component A may irritate the skin and eyes. **Epojet** component B is corrosive and may cause serious burns. Both components (A and B) may cause sensitisation in those subjects sensitive to such substances. When applying the product, we recommend the use of protective gloves and goggles and to take the usual precautions for handling chemical products. We also recommend working in well ventilated areas. If there is insufficient ventilation wear a face mask with a filter. If the product comes into contact with the eyes or skin, wash immediately with plenty of clean water and seek medical attention.

**Epojet** components A and B are also hazardous for aquatic life. Do not dispose of the product in the environment. When the product reacts it generates considerable heat. After mixing components A and B we recommend applying the product as soon as possible and to never leave the container unguarded until it is completely empty. For further and complete information about the safe use of our product please refer to the latest version of our Material Safety Data Sheet.

PRODUCT FOR PROFESSIONAL USE.

## WARNING

*Although the technical details and recommendations contained in this product data sheet correspond to the best of our knowledge and experience, all the above*

## TECHNICAL DATA (typical values)

### PRODUCT IDENTITY

	Component A	Component B
<b>Consistency:</b>	liquid	liquid
<b>Colour:</b>	transparent yellow	transparent yellow
<b>Density (kg/l):</b>	1.15	1.12
<b>Brookfield viscosity (mPa·s):</b>	500 (rotor 2 - 20 revs)	320 (rotor 2 - 20 revs)

### APPLICATION DATA OF PRODUCT (at +23°C - 50% R.H.)

<b>Mixing ratio:</b>	component A : component B = 4 : 1
<b>Consistency of mix:</b>	fluid liquid
<b>Colour of mix:</b>	transparent yellow
<b>Density of mix (kg/l):</b>	1.14
<b>Brookfield viscosity (mPa·s):</b>	380 (rotor 2 - 5 revs)
<b>Workability time:</b> – at +23°C: – at +30°C:	40 min 20 min
<b>Setting time:</b> – at +23°C: – at +30°C:	4 h 3 h
<b>Application temperature range:</b>	from +5°C to +30°C
<b>Final hardening time:</b>	7 days

### FINAL PERFORMANCE

Performance characteristic	Test method	Requirements according to EN 1504-5	Requirements according to EN 1504-6	Performance of product	
<b>Tensile adhesion force:</b>	EN 12618-2	cohesive failure of the substrate	not required	meets requirements	
<b>Inclined shear adhesion strength:</b>	EN 12618-3	monolithic failure	not required	meets requirements	
<b>Volumetric shrinkage (%):</b>	EN 12617-2	< 3	not required	1.9	
<b>Glass transition temperature:</b>	EN 12614	≥ +40°C	≥ +45°C	≥ +45°C	
<b>Sand column injectability (dry state and damp state):</b>	EN 1771	injectability class: – crack width 0.1 mm: < 4 min – crack width 0.2 to 0.3 mm: < 8 min	not required	dry 4 min and 41 sec	damp 4 min and 50 sec
		indirect traction: > 7 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	not required	14 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	11 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Durability (freeze/thaw and wet/dry cycles):</b>	EN 12618-2	cohesive failure of the substrate	not required	meets requirements	
<b>Development of tensile strength at +5°C (N/mm<sup>2</sup>):</b>	EN 1543	tensile strength > 3 N/mm <sup>2</sup> after 72 hours at minimum operating temperature	not required	> 4.9	
<b>Creep – movement with a load of 50 kN for 3 months (mm):</b>	EN 1544	not required	≤ 0.6	0.46	
<b>Slip-resistance of steel reinforcement rods – movement with a load of 75 kN (mm):</b>	EN 1881	not required	≤ 0.6	0.58	
<b>Compressive strength (N/mm<sup>2</sup>):</b>	EN 12190	not required	> 80% of value declared by manufacturer after 7 days	95 (after 7 days)	
<b>Tensile strength (N/mm<sup>2</sup>):</b>	EN ISO 527	–	–	44	
<b>Tensile modulus of elasticity (N/mm<sup>2</sup>):</b>	EN ISO 527	–	–	3,400	
<b>Deformation at failure (%):</b>	EN ISO 527	–	–	1.0	
<b>Reaction to fire:</b>	EN 13501-1	not required	Euroclass	E	



Repairing beam with injection of Epojet



Restoring horizontal structure by injection with Epojet

# Epojet

*information must, in every case, be taken as merely indicative and subject to confirmation after long-term practical application; for this reason, anyone who intends to use the product must ensure beforehand that it is suitable for the envisaged application. In every case, the user alone is fully responsible for any consequences deriving from the use of the product.*

**Please refer to the current version of the Technical Data Sheet, available from our website [www.mapei.com](http://www.mapei.com)**

**All relevant references for the product are available upon request and from [www.mapei.com](http://www.mapei.com)**

